# PM2.5 Emissions from Open Burning, Construction Activities

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#### EFIG's Needs

- Top down inventory
- Inexpensive data sources

### Open Burning -The Way We Were

Grown from 1985 NAPAP unless States provided data

### Open Burning Categories

- Residential Municipal Solid Waste
- Residential Yard Waste
  - Leaves and Brush
- Land Clearing Debris (Construction)
- Slash (Timber Harvesting)

#### Residential MSW Burning

- Ecty = (Pcty x Rfrac) x W x Bfrac x (EF)
- Pcty is pop of county
- Rfrac is fraction of county that is rural
- W is per capita waste gen (0.60 tons/person/year)
- **Bfrac** is fraction of waste gen (0.28) that is burned
- **EF** is 34.8 lbs PM2.5/tons waste burned

#### Residential MSW (cont.)

Assumes no burning in county if urban population exceeds 80 percent of total population

#### Res. Yard Waste Burning

- Ecty = (Pcty x Rfrac) x (YW x Ywfrac) x
  CF x Bfrac x EF
- YW is per capita yard waste gen (0.10 tons/person/year)
- Ywfrac is fraction of yard waste components (.25 for leaves, .25 for brush)
- **CF** is correction factor

## Residential Yard Waste Burning (Cont.)

- Ecty = (Pcty x Rfrac) x (YW x Ywfrac) x
  CF x Bfrac x EF
- Bfrac is fraction of waste burned (0.28)
- **EF** is 38 for leaves, 17 for brush (lbPM2.5/tons burned)

## CF - Differences in Biomass Ground Cover

- Used BELD3 database from BEIS to determine # of acres of forest, ag land, and miscellaneous vegetation per county
- Subtract out Ag lands before determining percent forested acres.
- Determine % forested

### Correction Factor (CF)

<u>Percen</u>	<u>t F</u>	<u>orested</u>		
Acres p	<u>oer</u>	county		
<10%				

### Slash Burning

No changes made. Continue to use statesupplied data.

# Land Clearing Debris Burning

- Emissions = Acres x LF x EF
- Acres cleared for Construction
- LF is fuel loading factor
- EF is emission factor

## Land Clearing Debris Burning (cont.)

- Acres Cleared
  - discuss later (fugitive dust from construction)

## Fuel Loading for Land Clearing Debris Burning

- Used BELD3 database to determine proportion of hardwoods, softwoods, and grass in each county
- USFS factors for piled residue.
  - Fuel loading factors from Forest Service for hardwoods, softwoods, and grass
- Adjusted USFS fuel loading factors by 1.5 to account for additional mass (tree roots)

# Fuel Loading Factors (US Forest Service)

Fuel Type	<u>Fuel Loading</u>	
	(tons/acre)	
Hardwood	99	

Softwood 57

Grass 4.5

#### **Emission Factors**

- Obtained from US Forest Service
- 17 lbs. PM2.5/ton of fuel

## PM 2.5 Open Burning Estimates

All categories	1,900	0
Res MSW	178,787	172,584
Res leaves	0	6,654
Res brush	0	2,977
Land Clearing	0	293,218
Slash	2,498	2,498
Totals	183,184	477,932

## Fugitive Dust from Construction Activities

## Construction -The Way We Were

- Dollars spent on construction
- Convert dollars to acres disturbed
- Use emission factor to determine emissions

### Construction Categories

Residential

Road

Non-residential (commercial, industrial, government, public works)

### Adjustments

Soil Moisture

Silt Content

#### Residential Construction

- $Ecty = EF \times B \times f \times m$
- **EF** = Emission factor
- **B** = # of units by county
- **f** = building-to-acres conversion factor
- m = duration of construction activity (months)

### Buildings to Acres Conversion Factor

<u> Housing Type</u> <u>Acr</u>	<u>res Disturbed</u>
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Single-Family '1/4 acre/building

Two-Family '1/3 acre/building

Apartment '1/2 acre/building

#### Duration

Housing Type <u>Duration</u>

Single-Family 6 months

Two-Family 6 months

Apartment 12 months

#### Adjustment for Basements

- Houses built with basements move more dirt
- Regionally specific building practice
- Obtain number of new houses built with full or partial basements from DOC

### Needs Improvement

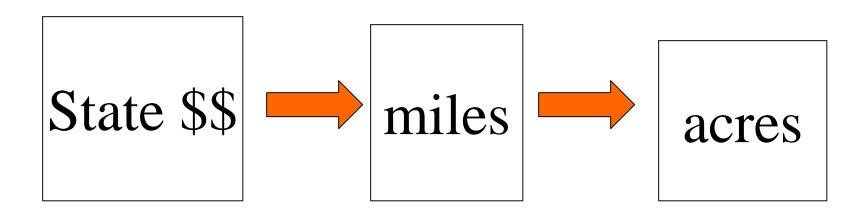
- Does not include trackout
- Double counts diesel emissions

#### Road Construction

#### Roadway Construction

- E = EF x \$ x f1 x f2 x m
- **EF** = emission factor
- \$ = State Expenditures for road construction
- **f1** = \$ to miles conversion
- **f2** = miles to acres conversion
- $\mathbf{m} = \text{duration (12 months)}$

### Roadway Construction



## FHWA State Expenditure Data for Capital Outlay

- Interstate; urban
- Interstate; rural
- Other arterial; urban
- Other arterial; rural
- Collectors; urban
- Collectors; rural

#### FHWA Data includes;

- Buying right of way
- Road construction
- Major widening
- Building bridges
- NO RESURFACING
- NO PRIVATE ROAD CONSTRUCTION

#### \$\$ to Miles

- \$4 million/mile for interstates
- \$1.9 million/mile for arterial and collectors

#### Miles to Acres

- 15.2 acres/mile for interstates and urban arterial
- 12.7 acres/mile for rural arterial
- 9.8 acres/mile for urban collectors
- 7.9 acres/mile for rural collectors

#### Needs Improvement

- Uses North Carolina cost figures
- Does not include privately constructed roads
- Dollars to miles to acres

# Non-Residential Construction

#### Non-Residential

- Uses the National value of construction put in place
- \$\$ allocated to counties using construction employment data

#### Non-Residential Construction

- E = EF x \$ x f x m
- EF = Emission factor (tons/acre/month)
- **\$** = county \$
- **f** = dollars-to-acres conversion (1.6 acres/million dollars
- $\mathbf{m} = \text{duration (11 months)}$

#### Last Point

- Some opportunities for improvement
  - Improve methods
  - State/local data

That's it